# Treatment of Avoidant Restrictive Food Intake Disorder (ARFID) in a Medical Inpatient Setting

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#### Introduction to LA4-2

- Interdisciplinary unit
- Patient demographics
  - 8 to 25 years of age
  - 5% of admissions are ARFID
  - Admitted from Adolescent Medicine outpatient visits
  - Average length of inpatient stay = 8 days
  - Illness duration (M = 14.63, SD = 8.08 months): 6 to 30 months



### General Plan



#### Assessment of ARFID subtype

#### Assessment

- History of eating disorder onset and development
- History of eating (e.g. picky eater, low interest)
- Comorbid diagnoses
- Motivation for recovery
- Family strengths and current stressors

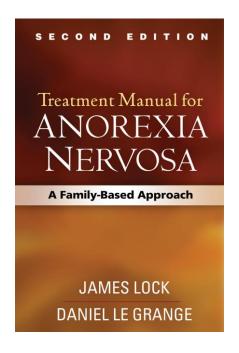
#### Medical stability

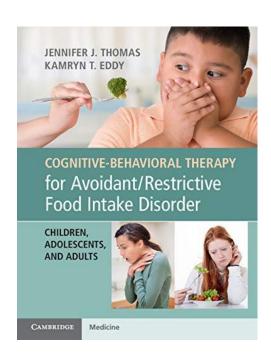
Weight progress, electrolyte stability

#### CBT-AR/FBT



- Cognitive-Behavioral Therapy for Avoidant Restrictive Food Intake Disorder
- Family Based Treatment





#### "Eric"



- Age: 9, cisgender male
- Only child
- Pre-ARFID: picky eater, "snacker", baseball player, video games
- Onset: pneumonia loss of appetite, concern with choking (swollen throat with sore throat)
- General: anxiety about getting sick family history of illness and sudden death

#### Presentation on unit



- Refused to drink/swallow and eat
- Exposures to pudding
- Mom's response
- Nasogastric (NG) tube
- Reinforcement strategy

## Building on success

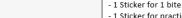


Child Life and reinforcement



#### **Eric's Incentive Chart**

8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00
3												
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- 1 Sticker for practicing deep breathing

7 points leads to Playing Uno with mom

















## Outpatient Plan



- In session exposures
- Games as a reward
- Outcome
  - More foods by mouth
  - Low reliance on food supplements
  - Little concern for choking laughing and talking while eating

## "George"



- Age: 16, cisgender male
- 2 older siblings in an intact family at home
- History of anxiety/OCD
- Onset: vomiting and fear of continued vomiting

#### Presentation



- Significantly under weight (75% IBW)
- Eating some safe foods but minimal
- Would only eat from certain plates/utensils and in basement of house, if sealed
- Plan on the unit
  - Initially increase intake: 250 calories each day of preferred foods

#### Intervention



5 to 6

#### Exposures:

- New foods
- Interoceptive cues
- Changes in location



#### Fear hierarchy

## SITUATION OR PLACE LEVEL OF ANXIETY SUDs (From 0 to 10) 1. Standing in a queue 2. Shopping Centre 3 or 4 3. Going to a Cinema or Theatre 4 to 6



4. Meeting my neighbours

5. Sitting in the canteen at work

#### References and contact



Lock, J., & Le Grange, D. (2015). *Treatment manual for anorexia nervosa: A family-based approach*. Guilford Publications.

Thomas, J. J., & Eddy, K. T. (2018). Cognitive-behavioral therapy for avoidant/restrictive food intake disorder: children, adolescents, and adults. Cambridge University Press.

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